1 first of the following month.

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MR. ANTONIOU: I was going to add a point, 3 let's say that all those circuits are, in fact, 4∥identified in that September 10th e-mail, and there 5∥are some questions about whether particular 6 circuits, in fact, meet the test, and it takes 7 until December 1st or, say, January 1st, the number 8 of months to get through those questions -- if at the 9 end of the day the circuits did meet the test, the 10 financial outcome of that conversion, giving effect 11∥to the lowering of the rates going from access to 12 UNE and giving effect to any termination 13 | liabilities, would go back to October 1st.

The fact it takes time for the parties to 15 work out the specifics does not change when the 16 carrier gets the economic benefits or development in the short term of, in fact, having done the 18 conversion. I think that's an important point to 19 make.

> MR. MELLUPS: Thank you.

Without objection, I will move on to 21 22 III-7-B.

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Just a couple of questions on III-7-B, which is the bulk ordering issue. I think you would agree that the guidelines which were previously introduced as AT&T 19 provide a five-step bulk conversion process and also eliminates the need for a specific service order; is that correct?

MS. FOX: That's correct.

MR. MELLUPS: You are aware that AT&T is willing to work within the existing conversion process of the guidelines, but has requested some modifications to meet its needs; do you agree with that?

MS. FOX: Yes, I agree you have requested some modifications, but would you be able to go through those modifications that you have requested?

MR. MELLUPS: To tell you the truth, I don't know what they are. I know they were some, but that's not really the thrust of my question.

MS. FOX: Okay.

MR. MELLUPS: I think what I was trying to

suggest is that there may be some room here for the parties to agree on some kind of modifications, but I want to go back to something that was said by Verizon early on in this arbitration, and that is that it would not develop a separate ordering process for AT&T because Verizon's process is based on industry quidelines and Verizon does not accept multiple requests on a single notice. That was said in Verizon's response to AT&T's petition. I don't have an exhibit number for that in my head. 11 MR. GARY: Is there a question? 12 MS. FARROBA: I don't know that that is an exhibit. 13 14 MR. MELLUPS: All right. I didn't get to 15 the question. 16 The question is: Does Verizon still 17 maintain that it would not negotiate a separate ordering process for AT&T? 181 Well, it's difficult for us to 19 MS. FOX:

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limplement processes and procedures that are

different for each CLEC. Now, if your proposal is

something that would benefit everyone, and it's

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something we could do, we would like to talk about it..

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Now, I know one issue that you have had with our conversion guidelines is that you 5 never--you wanted us to agree that you would never 6 have to submit an LSR, and we recently made changes. We have been working towards making changes that never happened. You never have to 9∥submit an LSR or an ASR to do a conversion.

So, if we talk specifics, I think I can 11 comment more intelligently about it.

MR. MELLUPS: Okay. That sort of leads me into the final subissue of this III-7-C, which is termination liabilities, or the lack thereof, I guess, from our perspective.

Would you agree that -- first, let me make a statement, and that is that in the UNE Remand Order, the FCC stated, and I quote, (reading) Any substation of unbundled element for access would 20 require the requesting carrier to carry any appropriate termination penalties under volume or term contracts.

This is at footnote 985.

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Would you -- in light of that statement by the FCC, would you agree that the issue here is what is an appropriate termination liability?

> MS. FOX: I'm not sure there is an issue.

MR. MELLUPS: I didn't hear you.

MS. FOX: I'm not sure there is an issue. 8 Termination liability, if you're talking 9 specifically termination liability as described in 10 our Federal tariffs, to the extent you disconnect a 11 service you're purchasing pursuant to Federal 12 tariff, termination of liability may apply as 13 outlined in the tariff.

So, as far as Verizon is concerned, 15 termination liability may apply, depending on the 16 specific situation of the conversion, not the 17 | specific amount, because the specific calculations are also outlined in the Federal tariffs.

> MR. MELLUPS: Right.

Does Verizon provide -- does Verizon, in 21 | fact, on occasion, waive, adjust, or renegotiate 22 such termination liabilities as they may be either

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1 in contracts or tariffs for wholesale and retail customers?

MS. FOX: I can't address retail, but I 4 could address wholesale. It's not Verizon's policy 5 to waive termination liability for purchases out of 6 the Federal tariffs.

MR. MELLUPS: What about Verizon increases 8 the rates by 8 percent or more?

MS. FOX: I would consider that a term 10 associated with the service, not a situation where 11 | Verizon is willing to negotiate waiving termination 12||liability. Instead, what you're referring to is 13 that there are certain situations that we have 14 | identified under which termination liability would 15 | not apply.

For example, the situation you're referring to, if rates increased to a certain amount, we would allow customers to discontinue services without liability.

MR. MELLUPS: Is this provisioned in the 21 tariff?

MS. FOX: Yes, it is.

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MR. MELLUPS: What about in a situation 2 where Verizon has a rate decrease pursuant to a discount pricing plan? Is that also in the tariff?

MS. FOX: You know, I looked at that this morning again, and I thought I really would like to look at the tariff language that I used when I compiled that answer, so I would like to say, subject to check, I need to look at the termination liability terms and conditions before I could answer your question.

Generally, I had a question on that myself, and I want to make sure that when I looked at the Federal tariff that I looked at it accurately and responded accurately to that 15 question.

MR. MELLUPS: Just for, I think, for the 17 record, I would like to take that response that the witness is alluding to, which is 3.7, AT&T 3.7, and I have copies here, and I think you got a copy of that yesterday, do you not?

> MS. FOX: Yes.

MR. MELLUPS: And that would be AT&T 21.

1	(AT&T Exhibit No. 21 was
2	marked for identification.)
3	MS. FARROBA: Are you offering for
4	admission into evidence AT&T Exhibit 21?
5	MR. MELLUPS: Yes.
6	ARBITRATOR ATTWOOD: Are there any
7	objections?
8	MR. GARY: No.
9	MS. FARROBA: AT&T Exhibit Number 21 is
10	admitted.
11	(AT&T Exhibit No. 21 was
12	admitted into evidence.)
13	MS. FARROBA: Let's go ahead and do it
14	now. Exhibits AT&T 18 and 19 and 20 that have been
15	discussed during the panel, do you offer those?
16	MR. MELLUPS: I would offer them into
17	evidence, yes.
18	MS. FARROBA: Any objections?
19	MR. GARY: No objections.
20	MS. FARROBA: Okay. AT&T Exhibits 18
21	through 20 are also admitted. Thank you.
22	(AT&T Exhibit Nos. 18

through 20 were admitted into evidence.)

MR. MELLUPS: That reply also addresses

Verizon's treatment of retail customers. Is there

anybody on the panel that can address that

particular part of the answer?

MS. FOX: No.

MR. MELLUPS: I guess in that case I will have to let the answer speak for itself.

MS. FOX: And the rate decrease addressed in that answer applies to the rate for the service within the tariff itself. It wouldn't imply that all of a sudden you could offer--you could buy a TELRIC-priced UNE combination because the terms and conditions in that Federal tariff are solely for services purchased pursuant to that tariff and in accordance with that tariff. So, that means that particular term has no bearing on UNE combination.

And I want to make sure you understand that in no way does the way that's written mean that if UNE combination is cheaper than special access that you could abandon one for the other

1 without termination liability.

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MR. MELLUPS: Well, in light of what you 3 | just said, let me return, then, to the retail part  $4 \parallel \text{of this}$ , and we will have to let the answer speak 5 for itself, but I want to step you through it very 6 briefly.

In the case of retail customers, particularly retail customers that take service under a contract type arrangement, or maybe a 10 contract tariff type arrangement, perhaps, there 11∥are--there are, are there not, in that answer three 12 different situations where Verizon would, in fact, 13 | have considered adjusting, waiving, or 14 renegotiating a termination liability? And those 15∥are network optimization, business downturn and 16∥benching or, in other words, a competitive bid. Ιs 17∥that not in the answer you supplied to AT&T? MS. FOX: That's in the answer, but I have

20 MR. MELLUPS: I think that's all I have. 21 Thanks.

> MR. SCHNEIDER: We have nothing else on

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to say I didn't supply the answer.

1 that. MS. FARROBA: Okay. Are we through with 2 issue III-7, including all the subsections A, B, and C? AT&T is done, yes. 5 MR. MELLUPS: 6 MR. SCHNEIDER: WorldCom is done--we are 7 not done. MS. FARROBA: Let's go ahead and try to get through the other issues that are under 10 subpanel one, starting with issue III-8. 11 MS. KELLEY: I have a few questions, 12 whomever is best to address this. 13 And I want to direct you to your late 14 | filed testimony--which was filed on August 31st, I 15 believe it's Verizon 23 at page nine, and there is 16 the following question and answer on that page. 17 $\|I'm$  going to read the question and just the first 18∥two sentences of the answer, understanding there is 19 a lot more that goes on. 20 The question reads, (reading): "QUESTION: Does Verizon Virginia 21

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agree that co-location is required to

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1 access UNEs? 2 "ANSWER: No. AT&T and WorldCom 3 misunderstand Verizon Virginia's position 4 on access to UNEs and appropriate UNE 5 combinations. Verizon Virginia will 6 provide nondiscriminatory access to CLECs 7 at any technically feasible point as 8 provided in Commission Rule 51.307." 9 Have you found the place where I'm reading 10 from? 11 MS. FOX: Actually, I haven't. 12 document? 13 MS. KELLEY: Did you find the place in the 14 document I'm referring to? 15 MS. FOX: Yes. MS. KELLEY: I would like to turn now to 16 17 Section 1.7 of your proposed UNE attachment, and 18 that's to the agreement of--that you proposed to 19 WorldCom. Have you found that section? MS. FOX: 20 Yes. 21 MS. KELLEY: That section reads, 22 | beginning, (reading) Except as otherwise expressly

1 stated in this agreement, CLECs shall access 2 | Verizon's UNEs specifically identified in this agreement via co-location, and then it goes on.

Is that correct?

MS. FOX: Yes.

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MS. KELLEY: Now, in this testimony, the same testimony to which you just referred on pages nine and ten--and this isn't a question--I want to ||identify where we are looking--you point to a 10 variety of places in your proposed agreement in which you offered to provide access to certain UNEs in certain ways. For example, access to feeder 13 subloops at remote terminals and access to 14 distribution subloops through connection between 15 Verizon's FDI and a CLEC-owned interconnection 16 cabinet.

Is that right? Those are some examples of 18∥what you provide?

> MS. FOX: Yes.

MS. KELLEY: I don't want to discuss the 21 merits of the proposals. I want to confirm that 22 it's not your position that you have identified

every single technically feasible means of 2 accessing UNEs and UNE combinations in those sections to which you pointed. 3 I would say that's true. 4 MS. FOX: 5 MS. KELLEY: That's correct? 6 MS. FOX: Yes. 7 MS. KELLEY: I have nothing else. 8 MS. FARROBA: AT&T, do you have anything on III-8? 9 10 MR. MELLUPS: No, we don't. 11 MS. FARROBA: Issue III-9, any questions? 12 MS. KELLEY: We have no questions. 13 MR. MELLUPS: I do have a couple of questions. I will try to make this real quick. 15 I take it that Verizon doesn't claim that 16 locations outside of density zone one top 50 MSA 17 count towards line exemption; is that a true statement? 18 19 MS. GILLIGAN: If you're asking if we look 20 l at the customer and their locations, we will take into account the lines that are outside of the top 21

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50 MSAs in terms of determining whether or not the

customer meets the four or more line criteria; that 2 is, if we choose to invoke the exemption.

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MR. MELLUPS: In one of your data 4 responses--and I think--let me state it and see if 5∥you agree with my statement -- that Verizon's billing 6 system can't accurately implement the top 50 MSA densities zone one requirements -- that's my interpretation--because here, and I quote, "the billing system does not seek to identify each physical service location belonging to a single 11 retail customer."

MS. GILLIGAN: At this point we haven't done anything to modify our billing systems to 14 accommodate the local switch exemption. We see the telephone number.

MR. MELLUPS: And I guess finally, just a little short hypothetical here.

Assume that Verizon is a CLEC and had one switch and a top 50 MSA or one switch in the LATA 20 that encompasses that MSA, and that it must rely on 21 enhanced extended loops to connect its customers to 22 that switch.

Further assume that you have a customer

with 50 separate two-line locations scattered

throughout the MSA or scattered throughout the

State of Virginia in light of your answer earlier.

I take it you would agree in that situation--and these are scattered throughout the state so there is no concentration--in the situation it would take 50 separate EELs to connect an enterprise with 50 separate two-line locations to that switch, would it not?

MS. GILLIGAN: No, that's not correct.

Under the local switching exemption, should we choose to invoke it, you will be able to get local switching. You would be paying non-TELRIC prices only in those offices that are zone one offices of the top 50 MSAs. They would be TELRIC-based outside of that area.

MR. MELLUPS: My predicate was the TELRIC-based switching, yes.

MS. GILLIGAN: But you could, in fact, have local switching, and you would not have to use EELS to serve that customer.

of when it's available or not.

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MR. MELLUPS: Again, it's I think--part of the assumption here is that you would, in fact, invoke the exemption and provide the EELS, but you would provide the EELS pursuant to your statement

> MS. FARROBA: Is that a question?

MR. MELLUPS: It was a question, yes.

Do you agree with that statement?

MS. GILLIGAN: Could you repeat it? 10 | confused by that.

1.1 MR. MELLUPS: I will skip that one. Ι 12 will withdraw that one.

I think this was covered earlier, but I 14 want to nail this down a little bit. If you were 15 to offer EELS, again, if you were to offer EELS, 16 isn't it true that the FCC has ruled that EELS must be provided in any instance where Verizon chooses to exercise a four-line exemption, and that's true whether the EELS are currently combined UNEs or not? Would you agree with that?

> Could you say that again? MS. FOX:

MR. MELLUPS: Okay. Let me try that 1 again.

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Is it not true that the FCC has ruled that 3 EELS must be provided in any instance where Verizon chooses to exercise the four-line unbundled local  $5 \parallel$  switching exception, whether or not the EELS are, quote, currently combined, unquote, UNEs as Verizon interprets that term? Or in other words, another way of phrasing that question, is where does it say 9∥in FCC rules that Verizon may restrict the 10 availability of EELS to those instances where the 11 UNEs--where the EEL UNEs are currently combined? 12 That's the thrust of the question.

MS. FOX: Okay. The way I understand what 14 you just asked is that in the event we are taking advantage of the local switching exception, we will 16∥also provide EELS, but you also used the words "in any instance, " so could you be more specific?

> MR. MELLUPS: I didn't hear the last one.

MS. FOX: I wrote down some of what you were asking. And you're asking whether we agree 21 that the FCC ruled that EELS would have to be provided in any instance, given we take

advantage -- and I'm paraphrasing -- of the local switching exception.

> MR. MELLUPS: Yes.

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MS. FOX: Now, it's my understanding of our obligation that if we take advantage of the 6 local switching exception, and as Nancy said, what 7 that really would mean is that local switching 8 would be priced at something other than TELRIC 9 prices, but it still would be available. 10 $\parallel$ same area we would also offer new EELS, so CLEC 11 would be able to place a new order for a new EELS. 12 | But we would subject that order to the local-use 13 options as outlined in the Supplemental Order 14 Clarification.

So, it's Verizon's position MR. MELLUPS: 16∥to follow up its--to follow up, it's Verizon's 17 | position that EELS would only be available in those 18 situations where the loop and the transport elements are, quote, currently combined, unquote? MS. FOX: Well, "currently combined" means

already combined.

MR. MELLUPS: Yes. I'm using the term as

you defined this.

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MS. FOX: Let's break this down into conversions and placing a new order for a new EEL. 4 | If we take advantage of the local switching exception or exemption, you would be able to do both. You would be able to convert special access, existing access, as well as place a new order for an EEL.

MR. MELLUPS: What I'm trying to get at is where--

MS. FOX: Where that would occur?

MR. GARY: Getting right back to the same 13 question earlier with Mr. Schneider. That is, when 14 do we offer EELS? Do we offer it as part of the local use exemption or offer it otherwise, and we decided to take that to the back because it's a legal question.

MR. MELLUPS: I'm happy to take that to the break.

That's all I have.

21 MS. FARROBA: Is that all the questions on 22 III-9?

MR. SCHNEIDER: No.

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MS. FARROBA: Are there questions on 3 VI-3-B and VII-10 and VII-11?

MS. KELLEY: I have a couple on VI-3-B. Ι 5 will try to make it very brief.

Issue VI-3-B, I'm going to--the first question I have to whomever, is that the provision that you're contesting is in the existing contract? Isn't that true?

MR. ANTONIOU: It's unclear to me whether 11 | it is, but if you're certain it is, we will take 12 that.

MS. KELLEY: In your testimony--and this 14∥is the same testimony I referred to a moment 15 ago--the late filed testimony of August 31st, which 16 is Verizon Exhibit 23, and I'm specifically 17 referring to page 13, the issue begins on page 12, 18 lines 13 and 14, you indicate that WorldCom is 19∥trying to rewrite the rules, and you complain that 20 we used the word "parity," and say that instead the 21 phrase "at least equal in equality to that which 22 the incumbent LEC provides to itself should be

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1 used. If we replaced the word "parity" in that provision with the word "phrase," that would satisfy your concern; is that true?

MR. ANTONIOU: We would be pleased to take 5 the words that have been used by Congress and the 6 Act to deal with the issue under 251(c)(3) and by the Commission, and I'm looking for the reference 47 CFR 51-311(a) and (b).

So, generally the answer is yes, subject 10 | to making sure the words are the same as what the 11 law is.

MS. KELLEY: I'm using the words in your testimony.

So, do I take it that the answer is 15 generally yes, if we substituted the word "parity," 16 the words you included, that address the concern you identified?

18 MR. ANTONIOU: I think generally that's 19 right.

MS. KELLEY: I want to walk through a few 21 of the clauses in 3.2, and that section begins with the introductory clause, "each network element

1 provided by Verizon to MCIm, unless identified 2 differently in this agreement, shall be provided at parity, " although we could substitute that phrase 4 that we just discussed "in a nondiscriminatory 5 manner and "the areas of," and we list some areas, 6 one of which is performance.

Now, I take it that it's not your position 8 that you are entitled to provide elements which do 9 not perform in a manner, and again using your 10 phrase, at least equal in quality to that which you 11 provide to yourself.

MR. ANTONIOU: As a general matter, I 13 think that's right.

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Similarly, just to pick MS. KELLEY: 15 | another phrase, we described features, functions 16 and capabilities of such elements.

Again, I assume it's not your position 18∥that you are entitled to provide features, 19 functions and capabilities of levels that are 20 not--and again using your phrase--at least equal in 21 | quality to that which you provide to yourself?

MR. ANTONIOU: Clearly you're taking these

bit by bit, these various subsets of what you would like equal in quality to mean, and our concern with them is that by doing that you set up a scenario in 3 which arguably we are agreeing to provide a UNE as it's been taken apart from some other service, where the entire service has a certain metrics associated with it. And in that case, I don't think we would be providing transport as a UNE in exactly--with exactly the same matrix associated with it that might be in some other contractor or tariff where there may be additional remedies 11 associated with not providing a service as 12 13 promised.

I'm sorry, it's probably me. MS. KELLEY: I'm just confused. But in this clause we say--we propose that you agree that with respect to each network element, you will provide the features, functions and capabilities, and again using your language, at least equal in quality to that which you provide yourself.

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Do I take from your answer that you're 22 | indicating in some circumstances it's your intent 1 not to do that?

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MR. ANTONIOU: My answer is that 51-311

(a) and (b) requires us to provide our services to all requesting carriers in the same way with equal quality to that which we provide ourselves, and that is what we are proposing to put in the contract, not a further gloss as you're describing it. Not a further gloss with all these subsets you believe equal in quality is.

MS. KELLEY: I understand you don't want the level of detail we do, but my question is: Are you attempting to preserve the right to have features, functions, and capabilities of UNEs that are not equal in quality to that which you provide yourself?

MR. ANTONIOU: No.

MS. KELLEY: That's all I have.

MR. MELLUPS: I think I had three questions on VII-10.

The first question is, I take it it's

Verizon's position that AT&T must resort to the

network element bona fide request or BFR process to

1∥obtain a loop that has served integrated loop carrier, IDLC, for which no spare copper facility is available.

Is that still your position?

MS. GILLIGAN: What was the old GT portion of the footprint, we called it a bona fide process. In instances where the customers served the IDLC, we would look for copper facilities to be able to provide the loop facility.

MR. MELLUPS: If the copper facilities are not available, you would go to the process?

MS. GILLIGAN: What we would then do is contact the engineering organizations to see if we could make an attempt to do some sort of a swap and make available copper facilities.

MR. MELLUPS: And what's the process after Do you get to the BFR process at some point in the process of provisioning something that's on IDLC?

MS. GILLIGAN: Not that I'm aware of.

MR. MELLUPS: I don't have any further

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1	MS. KELLEY: We are now on only AT&T
2	issues, that's correct.
3	MS. FARROBA: Did you all have any more
4	questions for subpanel one?
5	MR. SCHNEIDER: Subject to calling the
6	panel back, if we can't resolve this other thing.
7	ARBITRATOR ATTWOOD: We would propose to
8	take our break now and call the entire panel back
9	for staff questions to readjourn at 2:00reconvene
10	at 2:00.
11	(Whereupon, at 12:25 p.m., the hearing
12	was adjourned until 2:10 p.m., the same day.)
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## AFTERNOON SESSION

ARBITRATOR ATTWOOD: Can we go back on the record.

A couple of issues. I'll raise it to the group, if you want, Chris. I'll raise it to the group, if you want, and have you guys think about it.

When we were considering the testimony over the break, we recognized that on the issues presented on to the panel there were different folks testifying then who testified in the written submission testimony, and I suspect that will happen on any number of panels. And the question we would like to have you, the lawyers, consider, and so I let you talk to your lawyers, but then after the next break we can come back is whether we can formally ask the -- those that have been submitted for and who are testifying, for example, 20 Chris was testifying this morning, was not one of the affiants, whether they would agree to adopt the testimony as submitted.

But we are open to suggestions. want to actually clean the record up to make sure that we have those that are testifying consistent with the written testimony, and I suspect that will happen with any number of panels and any number of parties, so after the next break, if you could talk about that and come back with suggestions, that would be useful.

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In addition, I'd like your thoughts on--we are having some trouble making sure that we've kept up-to-date with the most recent contract language, that is, under discussion in the testimony, and I want to explore with you how we could make sure that the most recent testimony is submitted in the record. Most recent language, I should say, is 16 submitted into the record.

And it may be that, for example, it would be useful for us--I'm not trying to overburden you while we're in the middle of the hearing, but it would be useful for us to have the most recent disputed language made available at some point early next week, for example. Or make the entire

1 | language with some annotation as to what's in dispute that's currently operating now, made available to us. I'll let you all discuss that, but there's a bit of a difficulty for us following what it is that you are referring to, and we want to make sure we have exactly the language that you are relying on, because we're trying to assess which language is making more sense.

So, I think it would help, if we could, as an evidentiary matter, work from the same document or the same set of documents, at least the most up-to-date and introduce that into evidence. was an effort to do that on the DPL, but it seems like that hasn't been the most current, up-to-date So, if you could consider that and come lanquaqe. back with us, that would be helpful, okay? 16

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Moving back into testimony, I quess Cathy will begin. We're not going to go in the order of the -- we are obviously doing -- I'm sorry, what?

MR. STANLEY: I'm sorry, my understanding was that before we got to the FCC's

22 cross-examination, the parties WorldCom and AT&T 1 were going to discuss an issue with Verizon. 2∥Mark, you indicated that the parties had not been 3 able to reach a common understanding, and we said that you would be allowed to finish up with questions.

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MR. SCHNEIDER: Yes, if it's okay just to make the record here.

ARBITRATOR ATTWOOD: I'm sorry. That's right. Correct.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

MR. SCHNEIDER: This concerns issue III-7, 12 and our discussion which was cut short earlier and 13∥again concerns the switching exception that's set out in the Remand Order and Verizon's understanding of the contours of that exception.

And if I can ask, my understanding is that 17 the -- we were talking about contract language -- the contract language upon which Verizon relies is 19 Section 1.1 of its UNE attachment, which states that Verizon will provide combinations and UNEs in 21 accordance with applicable law. And the nature of 22 our dispute apparently is what the applicable law

1 is, so I would just like to get that on the record so it's teed up.

It's not better teed up, I might add, because WorldCom was under the understanding that 5 | it was settled, and we took the issue off. 6 Probably the safest thing to say is that I was wrong about that. It wasn't settled.

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So, with that understanding, let me ask: 9 This part, I believe, is settled. 10 understanding of the switching exception is, is it 11 not, that if you invoke the switching exception and deny CLECs access to unbundled local switching at 13 TELRIC rates, you will provide EELS, or enhanced 14 extended links that are new combinations on a 15 voluntary basis.

MR. ANTONIOU: Our understanding of 17 current regime, current applicable law is that, in fact, we would provide new wheels in that context. 19 | That's not to say that, in fact, we think we should. It's just a testament to what the law is.

In fact, in another docket, as you 22 probably know--

ARBITRATOR ATTWOOD: You shouldn't follow the law? Kidding, joke.

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MR. ANTONIOU: Just to make clear, that wouldn't be construed to say that if in this other docket it's ruled that there doesn't need to be provision of new wheels if the switching exception is invoked that by virtue of saying yes now we would be bound.

MR. SCHNEIDER: Fair to say that both 10 sides are disputing in the proper forum all sides 11 of this issue.

MR. ANTONIOU: Under the current rules, 13 | yes, we agree with you, notwithstanding anything to 14 the contrary earlier.

MR. SCHNEIDER: On the other hand, when in your contract you say it's subject to applicable law, it is your position, is it not, that the 18 Supplemental Order of Clarification that was published after the UNE Remand Order, is not 20 | limited to the issue of conversion of access of circuits to UNEs, but more generally applies to provision of EELS generally.

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MR. ANTONIOU: Our position is either that's what the order provides for today or the reasoning in that order, which clearly applies to conversions, which is to say that competing carriers should be able to, for the purposes of providing significant amount of local exchange service, convert the special access services to loop transport combinations, but also apply to new 9 EELs.

So, if your question is, are we saying 11 that the law definitely is that, we think that's 12∥the law, but even if that weren't explicitly what's 13 | in that order, the reasoning would apply the same.

So, in your contract MR. SCHNEIDER: 15 provisions in 1.1 and more generally when you say 16∥the requirements of applicable law, I take it what 17∥you mean, then, is not only the laws that's firmly 18 decided, but your view of how the law should be 19 applied more generally even in cases where it 20 | hasn't been specifically applied in that case; is 21 that right?

> I think that's fair. MR. ANTONIOU:

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MR. SCHNEIDER: And I take it it is also your view of the law that the voluntary provision 3 of EELS that is set out as a precondition for the invocation of the switching exception is limited by applicable law. That is to say, if you're right that the law says you don't have to provide EELS unless one of the three safe harbors are met, then it is your view that you would not have to provide EELS if one of the three safe harbor is met in the context of the switching exception.

MR. ANTONIOU: I think that's right.

To put it another way, the distinction between provision of new EELS with respect to the switching exception versus providing conversions to loop transport combinations is that in the former, 15 the new EELS, we, in fact, are going out and combining something that wasn't combined, but otherwise, the standards are the same, whatever they may be, from time to time.

MR. SCHNEIDER: And I take it your 21 understanding -- I will leave you a hypothetical. 22 customer in density zone one, the customer to whom

1 the switching exception would apply, density zone 2 one, three or more lines, however the Commission 3 resolves that dispute, in a situation who is getting UNE-P from WorldCom, in a situation where WorldCom does not have co-locations in place, so 6 the first two of the safe harbors would not apply, 7 and so that if WorldCom is entitled to continue to 8 get unbundled local switching at UNE rates, it 9 would have to, in your view, satisfy the third safe 10 | harbor? Are you with me so far?

MR. ANTONIOU: Yes. I think that's right.

Okay. MR. SCHNEIDER: Your view of that 13∥third safe harbor is, unless WorldCom can verify 14∥that that customer--excuse me--can verify that 15∥customer is using at least 50 percent of the 16 activated channels for local exchange service as 17∥opposed to, say, switched access services, that 18 customer would not be entitled--sorry, WorldCom 19 would not be entitled to continue to use an EEL?

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MR. ANTONIOU: I haven't looked at the 21 words. Assuming that the percentages are as you 22 state, yes. That's what the rule is.

MR. SCHNEIDER: My point is that Verizon's 1 2 understanding of the third exception includes not only dedicated access services, but switched access 4 services, so that the various 50 percent and 5∥33 percent thresholds in Verizon's understanding of 6 the regulation would require WorldCom to make 7 statements about use of everything--local service excluding switched access service.

MR. ANTONIOU: Yes, the distinction is local exchange service versus access service 11 without breaking access service into different 12 buckets.

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MR. SCHNEIDER: So, a customer--in a place 14 where you've taken away--where you have declined to 15 provide switching and are voluntarily providing 16 EELS.

MR. ANTONIOU: Well, we couldn't decline 18 to provide switching. We wouldn't provide switching at UNE rates. We would still be providing switching. 20

21 MR. SCHNEIDER: Decline to provide switching as an unbundled network element according

5 traffic and dedicated access traffic.

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1 to the Act and would only be entitled to EELS, in your view, if--and there is no co-location, if WorldCom can certify that there was a certain 4 | amount of local traffic excluding switched access

MR. ANTONIOU: That the third exception were met, which I think is what you are paraphrasing, yes.

MR. SCHNEIDER: And I take it, because you mentioned a couple of times that, even in that event you would provide unbundled local switching 12 but not as a UNE, but at what you call market-based rates?

MR. ANTONIOU: It would not be provided as 15  $\parallel$  a UNE. We would provide it at some other rate.

Do you want to speak to the rate base?

MS. GILLIGAN: I believe the way it's 18 phrased is we could charge market-based rates. We

MR. SCHNEIDER: I take it it would be a 21 switching service since it's not an unbundled 22 | network element?

19 haven't determined what those are.

MR. ANTONIOU: It would be switching. 1

|Whether it's a service or not, I'm not sure I follow.

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MR. SCHNEIDER: Well, it's not an unbundled network element. I'm just curious how--I take it there is no way to order it now, and it's not tariffed. I'm just curious what it is that we would be able to we do.

MS. GILLIGAN: It is local switching, but it's at a non-UNE rate.

MR. SCHNEIDER: Is it tariffed?

MS. GILLIGAN: Not yet.

MR. ANTONIOU: It's something that is entirely theoretical. It's not something we've taken advantage of. It's not something we've, as far as I'm aware of, have taken much time to sit on it and plan how to do. So, it's rather difficult to answer your question as to how we do it since we 19 haven't been thinking about doing it.

MR. SCHNEIDER: I'm just curious, what that contemplates is that there would be, I take 22 | it, for a UNE-P customer a combination of unbundled

elements plus this non-unbundled network element 2 that you would provide to us; is that correct?

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MR. ANTONIOU: We would provide switching in that case.

MR. SCHNEIDER: And it would be tariffed?

MS. GILLIGAN: Or contractual.

MR. SCHNEIDER: I take it it's your view that one of the purposes of an interconnection agreement is to make clear to the parties what their various rights and responsibilities are?

> MR. ANTONIOU: I couldn't arque with that.

MR. SCHNEIDER: And I know you have argued in the context of the position--provision we are talking about now, 1.1, that it's adequate to have a contract that says that Verizon will provide 16 combinations in accordance with applicable law; is that correct?

> MR. ANTONIOU: Yes.

MR. SCHNEIDER: And that the various things we've talked about the last 20 minutes about what Verizon means by applicable law in this context are meant to be encapsulated in that phrase applicable law; is that correct?

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MR. ANTONIOU: They're encapsulated in the orders we have been referring to.

MR. SCHNEIDER: Would you like to reconsider your view that we perhaps it would be helpful to have contract language that actually spelled out what particular obligations you think you are required to provide or that you're willing to provide in a contract as opposed to a more 10 general statement like "applicable law"?

MR. ANTONIOU: I'm very comfortable with 12 the words that we've suggested.

> MR. SCHNEIDER: Nothing further, thanks.

ARBITRATOR ATTWOOD: Are we through with 15 questions from the parties? Okay. We have a 16 | number of questions from staff, but we will be 17 | focused on issues, but we're not going to go in a 18∥straight issue list if that's okay with you. 19 trying to organize it around staff time actually, 20 so why don't begin with Cathy. Could you identify 21 for the record what it is that we are going to 22 focus on.

MS. CARPINO: Good afternoon, my name is Cathy Carpino, and I have just a few questions for 3 both Verizon and WorldCom on issue VI-3-B, which is 4 the technical standards and specification issues that was addressed some--well, not at some length, 6 but somewhat this morning.

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I quess my questions are designed to give staff a little more information about, first, why WorldCom finds the existing language now unacceptable, and conversely, why WorldCom feels this language needs to remain in the agreement with little more specificity than what was given in the testimony.

So, first, I would like to ask the Verizon panel what problems, if any, have you encountered as a result of the existing language in this agreement?

MR. ANTONIOU: I'm not aware, unless someone else on our panel is, that there has been a problem with the language. That said, if I could, I would like to address a couple of issues with it.

> MS. CARPINO: I should say let's take the

1 parity issue off the table. That was already discussed this morning.

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MR. ANTONIOU: Okay. I quess I will work |from the bottom up. 3-2-2 that WorldCom has suggested provides in relevant part that Verizon 6 would work with MCI to ensure the network elements that Verizon provides under the agreement meet MCI's reasonable needs in providing service to its subscribers.

Someone might look at that and say it 11∥seems innocuous enough. Why would Verizon have a 12 problem with that? What MCI might reasonably want 13∥to do does not necessarily square with what it is  $14\parallel$ that we need to do on their behalf. And it's not a 15∥theoretical point only. An example I would think 16∥of is that WorldCom has a particular service that 17 it had the idea to provide. The technical 18∥parameters of that service are ones that--such that 19∥we don't have a right to it under a particular 20 | license agreement with the vendor, and thus, in 21∥order to provide the UNE to WorldCom to meet what 22∥it views, perhaps even rightly its reasonable

1 desires in providing a service, we don't have a right to give them that UNE. The UNE can only be used a certain way. I don't have a particular one in mind, but the language would lend itself to the interpretation that we somehow have to help them in giving them the UNE to be able to use it in the way they want to use it.

Our view is as a general matter, however we could use the UNE, whatever rights that we have 10 under our licensing arrangements with various vendors, and particularly software vendors, that 12 we're going to give whatever rights we could possibly give to those who want to use our UNE.

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There is another whole separate issue about what obligation we have to go out and get additional rights. If some vendor were to come back and say, oh, Verizon, when you got that license arrangement, it was only for you, it's not 19 for someone else. The good news is it's theoretical at this point. We haven't had vendors do that, thank goodness. But if they were to come back and say to us, Verizon, we only said you could

do A through Z with this, WorldCom, there's some 2∥other party, one of the CLECs that you work with, that wants to do Double A, something different, they don't have the right to do that. You don't 5∥have the right to give them what it is that we gave you to do that. I think that language 3.3--I'm sorry, 3.2.2--would argue that we have to do that, and that's why I have a problem with it.

MS. CARPINO: Okay, let's just continue 10 on.

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MR. ANTONIOU: Okay. 3.2.1 I see as 12 WorldCom's desire to have some sort of information 13∥to see whether, in fact, we're doing what we 14∥otherwise had to do under applicable laws is what 15∥we would agree to. Moving back up to 3.2, they 16 | have a different description than what we have. 17∥But my concern with 3.2.1 is that it seems to me 18 WorldCom wants to be in the middle of and have 19∥access to everything that we use to determine how 20∥it is that we provide a service. The drawing 21 board, so to speak.

I think Joe or one of the other panel --

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MS. CARPINO: Has this been a problem in 2 | Virginia?

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MR. ANTONIOU: I'm not aware of it having 4∥been a problem, and I can appreciate the question 5 | in that if it were, I could point to it and say 6 it's come up. On the other hand--

MS. CARPINO: Are the other witnesses 8 aware of any difficulties or problems?

MR. ANTONIOU: My concern with that being 10 | the standard for the decision is that in particular 11 in some places where a carrier hasn't perhaps made 12 either a concerted effort or for whatever reason 13 | hasn't gotten into the business, that this may be 14 something they haven't looked at. This is 15∥obviously something that we are looking at now. Мy 16 concern is that this is a license to go into our 17∥proprietary information and use that in ways that perhaps go beyond what is the stated intent for its use here. I don't think that's fair or |appropriate.

MS. CARPINO: Are engineering, design, 22||performance, and other network data technical

information?

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MR. ANTONIOU: I'm sorry, I didn't hear 3 the question.

MS. CARPINO: In 3.2.1, the existing 5 agreement has that you shall make available upon 6 reasonable request engineering, design, 7 performance, and other network data.

My question is: Do you consider that to 9 be technical information?

> MR. GANSERT: Yes.

MS. CARPINO: Is your concern with the 12 | language about sufficient for MCI to determine that 13 the requirements of this section are being met? 14 And if that were modified to perhaps model the 15 | language contained in Rule 307, which is to achieve 16 access to UNEs unbundled network elements 17 consistent with the requirements of Section 307, 18 does that alleviate to some extent your concerns? MR. ANTONIOU: I would like to take a look

> MS. CARPINO: Rule 307, I believe it's E.

MR. GANSERT: Basically, that's the rule

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20 at the language, if I could.

that says that we need to publish the technical information that tells you how to interface with our equipment for any of the UNEs that are offered, and we will certainly comply with that.

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MS. CARPINO: I'm sorry, I can't hear you.

MR. GANSERT: I said that rule basically says that we have to provide whatever technical information is needed so that the approaches of unbundled element can technically--knows how to technically interface with and interconnect with the facilities, and we certainly provide that as part of our regular practice for all the UNEs.

MS. CARPINO: So, you wouldn't have any objection to including language that tracks 307(e) and this agreement; is that correct?

MR. ANTONIOU: Our view would be that this language is already combined and contained in Section 1.1. We would be happy if that is something that the petitioners wished to include.

MS. CARPINO: Is that issue 1.1?

MR. ANTONIOU: No, no, I'm sorry. It's 22 Section 1.1 of Verizon's proposed UNE attachment.

MILLER REPORTING CO., INC. 735 8th STREET, S.E. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20003-2802 (202) 546-6666 1 We believed that by saying that we were going to 2 provide UNEs in a manner of the course of applicable law that it certainly includes the effective rules, but we are happy to put this rule 5 II in.

Okay. All right, let's MS. CARPINO: continue on in the interest of time. 3.2. We 8 talked about that at some length this morning, so 9 there is no need to cover there. Are there any 10 other concerns that you have with that language?

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MR. ANTONIOU: I think we expressed our 12 concerns. And I don't have any other stand.

MS. CARPINO: Okay. WorldCom folks. Do 14 | you have any response to what you've heard the 15 | Verizon witness say?

MR. LATHROP: Yes. With respect to the 17 | last issue first, the 3.2.1 mentions technical 18∥information and what we have always been willing to 19∥talk to Verizon about the language, and what we were trying to do in this section is to provide 21 additional specificity that we think is important 22 so that, for example, if Verizon were to say our

1 interpretation of technical information is how we 2 have designed the system, that doesn't give us an 3 indicator as to the performance and whether 4 something is being provided in a nondiscriminatory

MS. CARPINO: I quess just to be clear for 7 the record, do you believe the information 8 contained or the language contained in 3.2.1 is 9 designed to elicit the information set forth or 10 you're required to receive under Rule 307(e)?

MR. LATHROP: Yes, generally, only 12 adding --

MS. CARPINO: Right, additional 14 | specification which they've agreed is technical 15 information.

MR. LATHROP: Yes.

5 manner.

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17 MS. CARPINO: Verizon has agreed is technical information. 18

> MR. LATHROP: Yes.

Our concern with Verizon's reference to 21 their Section 1.1 that they believe is sufficient 22 is that section Verizon references includes